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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/772,986	01/31/2001	Hisao Hayashi	SON-2010	2637
75	590 07/25/2003			
RADER, FISHMAN & GRAUER, P.L.L.C			EXAMINER	
Suite 501 1233 20th Stree	-		TRAN, THIEN F	
Washington, DC 20036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2811 DATE MAILED: 07/25/2003	16

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summer	09/772,986	HAYASHI ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	
	Thien Tran	2811	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sh	leet with the correspondence ac	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replif NO period for reply sepecified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	136(a). In no event, however, by within the statutory minimul will apply and will expire SIX e, cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed m of thirty (30) days will be considered time (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·		
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ T	his action is non-final		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under			ne merits is
Disposition of Claims	_		
4) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is/are pending in the applicatio			
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-12</u> is/are withdraw	n from consideration		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8 and 13-16</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
<ul><li>8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o</li><li>Application Papers</li></ul>	or election requireme	nt.	
·· _			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		to butha Evaminar	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		-	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re			iei.
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	• •	<b>.</b>	
	Adminier.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	n nainaitu undan 25 I I	C.C. S. 440(a) (d) an (f)	
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	in priority under 35 O	.5.C. 9 119(a)-(d) of (i).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	to be a college of the college of th	_	
1. Certified copies of the priority documen			
2. Certified copies of the priority documen			
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Book See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2	2(a)).	Stage
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	tic priority under 35 L	J.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisiona	l application).
<ul> <li>a)  The translation of the foreign language pr</li> <li>15)  Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes</li> </ul>			
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 No	erview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No tice of Informal Patent Application (PT ner:	
S. Patent and Trademark Office TO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office A	ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 16	



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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

This application contains claims 9-12 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in Paper No. 6. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancelation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hisao et al. (JP 10209467).

Hisao et al. discloses a display device (Fig. 6) comprising an insulating substrate 1; pixels 14 arranged in a matrix form; and thin film transistors 3 (Fig. 1) for driving said respective pixels, wherein said pixels and said thin film transistors are formed as integrated circuits on said insulating substrate, each of said thin film transistors has a bottom gate structure having a gate electrode 5, a gate insulating film 4 and a semiconductor thin film 2 stacked in the order from below upward, and said gate electrode is made of metallic material having a thickness of about 100 nm (assuming about 50 nm for layer 5a and about 50 nm for layer 5b are selected from the disclosed ranges). Hisao et al. discloses said gate electrode having a thickness of about 100 nm which allows for thickness slightly above or less than 100 nm. Therefore, the thickness





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of said gate electrode could be selected less than 100 nm. In the case where the claimed range "overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art" a prima facie case of obviousness exists. In re Wertheim, 541 F.2d 257, 191 USPQ 90 (CCPA 1976); in re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990). Hisao et al. further discloses said gate insulating film 4 has a film thickness in the range of 100-200 nm. Assuming the thickness of 110 nm is selected from the disclosed range for the gate insulating film 4, and the thickness of less than 100 nm is selected from the disclosed range for the gate electrode (5a, 5b); then the thickness of the gate insulating film 4 is thicker than the thickness of the gate electrode.

Regarding claims 3 and 7, said semiconductor thin film 2 comprises polycrystalline silicon crystallized by an irradiation of a laser beam.

Regarding claims 4 and 8, said gate electrode has a multi-layer structure stacked with an upper layer 5a having comparatively low heat conductivity and high electric resistance, and a lower layer 5b having comparatively high heat conductivity and low electric resistance.

Regarding claims 14 and 16, Hisao et al. discloses the gate electrode having a thickness of about 100 nm but does not specifically disclose the thickness of the gate electrode being 90 nm. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the gate electrode having a thickness of 90 nm, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233. In re Daily, 93 USPQ 47 (CCPA)



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1966), the court held that changes in size and shape of parts of an invention in the absence of an unexpected result involve routine skill in the art. Additionally, In Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984), the Federal Circuit held that where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 05-06-2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. It is obvious as described above that Hisao et al. discloses the gate insulating film 4 formed thicker than the gate electrode 5.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of





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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thien Tran whose telephone number is (703) 308-4108. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM - 5:00PM Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Thomas can be reached on (703) 308-2772. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

tt July 22, 2003

Thien Tran
Patent Examiner
Technology Center 2800